Australian Government
Department of Home Affairs

IMA Legacy Caseload

Report on the Processing Status and Outcomes

January 2018

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About this report

Coverage

This report provides information on the processing status and outcomes of the applicants who are Illegal Maritime Arrivals (IMAs) and are in the IMA Legacy Caseload.

IMAs can only apply for a Temporary Protection Visa (subclass 785) (TPV) or a Safe Haven Enterprise Visa (subclass 790) (SHEV) if the Minister has made a decision that it is in the public interest to lift a legislative bar on making a valid visa application in Australia. Where the Minister lifts the bar, the Department will advise the IMA that they are eligible to apply for a TPV or a SHEV.

Data sources and currency

The data sources for this report are based on a range of departmental systems. As data has been drawn from a dynamic system environment, the information is correct at the time of publication and figures may differ slightly from previous or future reporting. As an end of month report, the data date used is the closest to the end of the calendar month.

Data for January is at 31 January 2018. Data for December 2017 is at 04 January 2018.

Glossary of terms

Country of citizenship – the claimed country of citizenship at the time of lodging an application for a protection visa.

Illegal Maritime Arrival (IMA) – an IMA is a person who entered Australia by sea without authority and became an unlawful non-citizen upon entry. All babies born to IMA parents are also IMAs.

Processing status – relates to the processing stage of an application during the administrative decision-making process, from lodgement to when the application is finalised.

Residence determination – is a determination, which the Minister makes under section 197AB of the *Migration Act 1958* (Cth) that a person can reside at a specified place in the community instead of held detention (previously referred to as 'community placement'). Recipients subject to a residence determination are free to move about the community but are legally detained.

Further information

For further information about the processing arrangements that apply to the IMA Legacy Caseload please visit the Department's website at

Any comments or enquiries concerning this report should be sent to quoting the report name and month.

Summary

Table 1 shows the number of people in the IMA Legacy Caseload who:

- have submitted a valid application that is currently being processed; or
- had their application finalised – either granted or refused.

Table 1 IMAs across main processing stages

Processing stage	January 2018	December 2017
Applied and on hand or at review[2]	15,534	16,069
Applications finalised[3]	15,439	14,834
Total[4]	**30,973**	**30,903**

Graph 1 IMAs across main processing stages

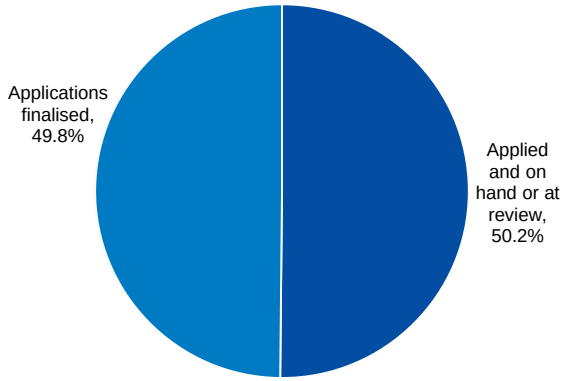


Table 2 State and territory of residence[5] – finalised grants[6]

State and territory of residence	January 2018	December 2017
New South Wales (NSW)	3,865	3,706
Victoria (Vic)	3,599	3,453
Queensland (Qld)	1,606	1,530
South Australia (SA)	1,075	1,041
Western Australia (WA)	893	883
Australian Capital Territory (ACT)	107	102
Northern Territory (NT)	46	47
Tasmania (Tas)	46	45
Total	**11,237**	**10,807**

Graph 2 State and territory of residence – finalised grants

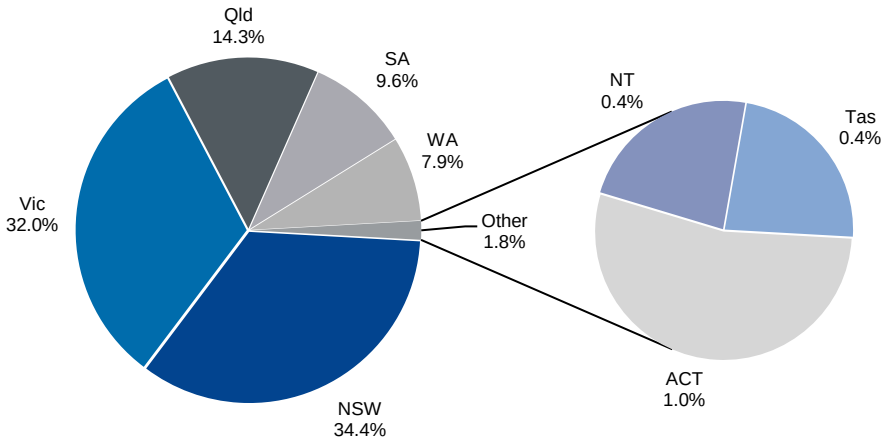


Table 3 Main citizenships[7] – finalised grants

Country of citizenship	January 2018	December 2017
Afghanistan	3,255	3,162
Iran	3,047	2,935
Sri Lanka	1,696	1,658
Stateless	978	893
Pakistan	887	863
Iraq	744	705
Sudan	181	176
Palestine Authority	114	113
Other	335	302
Total	**11,237**	**10,907**

Graph 3 Main citizenships – finalised grants

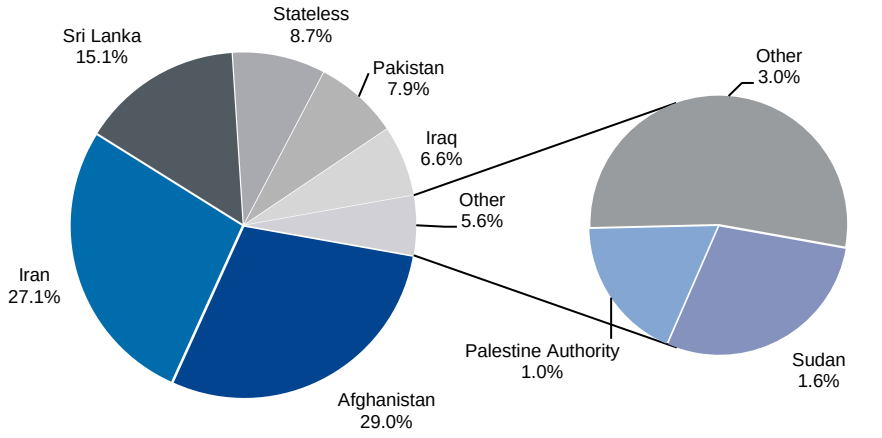


Table 4 State and territory of residence – on hand or at review applications

State and territory of residence	January 2018	December 2017
New South Wales (NSW)	6,022	6,205
Victoria (Vic)	6,882	7,060
Queensland (Qld)	983	1,076
South Australia (SA)	935	954
Western Australia (WA)	520	574
Australian Capital Territory (ACT)	94	101
Northern Territory (NT)	64	65
Tasmania (Tas)	34	34
Total	**15,534**	**16,069**

Graph 4 State and territory of residence – on hand or at review applications

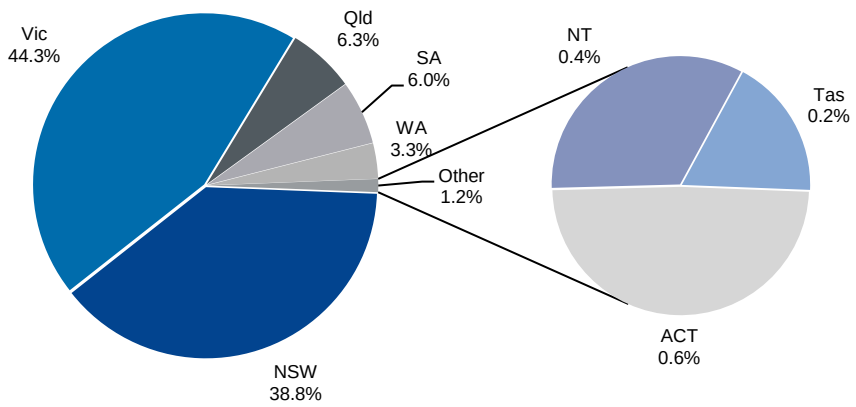


Table 5 Main citizenships – on hand or at review applications

Country of citizenship	January 2018	December 2017
Iran	5,265	5,371
Sri Lanka	2,759	2,866
Stateless	2,139	2,221
Afghanistan	1,540	1,642
Pakistan	1,091	1,116
Iraq	637	680
Vietnam	436	456
Bangladesh	387	393
Other	1,280	1,324
Total	**15,534**	**16,069**

Graph 5 Main citizenships – on hand or at review applications

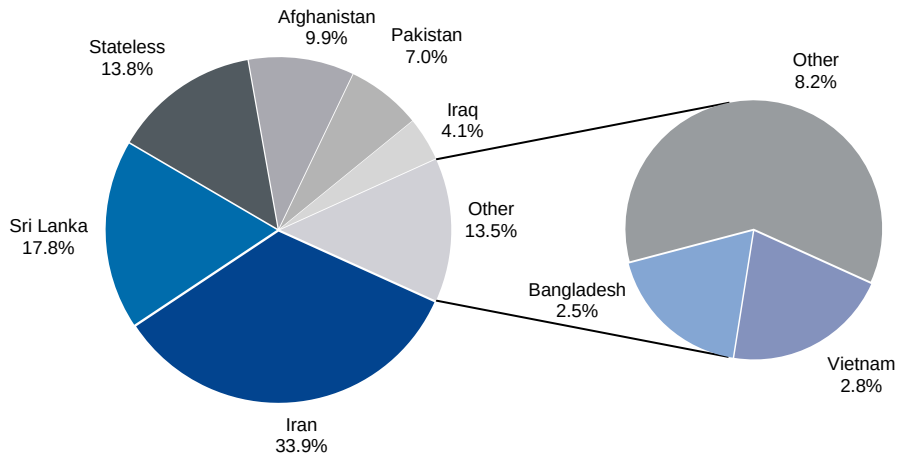


Table 6 Immigration status[8] – on hand or at review applications

Status	January 2018	December 2017
Held detention[9]	113	115
Residence determination	35	38
In community	15,386	15,916
Total	**15,534**	**16,069**

IMA Legacy Caseload – Processing status

Table 7 Applications[10] by processing status

Processing status	January 2018			December 2017
	TPV	SHEV	Total	Total
Applied and on hand				
On hand at Primary [11]	1,670	12,145	13,815	**14,376**
Review and other[12]	470	1,249	1,719	**1,693**
Total	**2,140**	**13,394**	**15,534**	**16,069**
Applications finalised				
Finalised grants[13]	4,851	6,386	11,237	**10,807**
Finalised refusals[14]	2,400	1,802	4,202	**4,027**
Total	**7,251**	**8,188**	**15,439**	**14,834**

Technical notes

1. 18 September 2013 refers to the date on which the Operation Sovereign Borders commenced. Applications on hand and those IMAs who had not yet commenced a protection assessment process at this time are considered to fall within the IMA Legacy Caseload.
2. ‘Applied and on hand or at review’ refers to valid protection visa applications which the Department has received and is currently processing and assessing. It includes applications being processed at a merits review tribunal.
3. ‘Applications finalised’ refers to applications on which the Department has made a decision – either a grant or refusal, including where the merits review has affirmed the Department’s decision. Figures exclude applications that have been finalised for others reasons (for example, where a person departed Australia or applications which are withdrawn).
4. This number represents people from the IMA Legacy Caseload who have submitted a valid application that is currently being processed or had their application finalised – either granted or refused. This is not equal to the total number of people who are considered to have ‘ever’ been in the IMA Legacy Caseload. For example, people who died or departed prior to their application being finalised are not counted in this total as their applications were not processed to finalisation.
5. State and territory of residence – refers to client’s latest reported address, not the address at time of lodgement or decision.
6. Table and Graph 2 and 3 show a list of people from the IMA Legacy Caseload who have been granted temporary protection in Australia.
7. Table and Graph 3 and 5 show a list of countries of citizenship which the persons in the caseload claimed upon arrival to Australia. This citizenship may not have been independently confirmed by the Department.
8. Figures exclude certain cohorts of IMAs that do not form part of the IMA Legacy Caseload (for example, medical transferees from a Regional Processing Centre).
9. 'Held detention' includes a small number of IMAs who are in correctional facilities.
10. ‘Applications' includes a small number of cases processed under the non-statutory Protection Obligations Determination (POD) or Refugee Status Assessment (RSA) processes that were in place prior to March 2012.
11. ‘On hand at Primary’ includes persons granted a TPV who have subsequently re-applied for a SHEV. It also includes applications where the applicant has been indicatively found not to be a refugee but the application is in the process of being quality checked prior to the completion of the primary decision.
12. 'Review and other' includes applications at a range of post-primary stages – the merits review (either with the Administrative Appeals Tribunal (AAT), Immigration Assessment Authority (IAA) or in the period during which review can be sought – "the review window"), remittals from review (merits or judicial) undergoing checks prior to finalisation, and applications not elsewhere classified.
13. ‘Finalised grants’ also includes IMAs granted a visa after a remittal to the Department following a merits or judicial review.
14. ‘Finalised refusals’ includes applications undergoing ministerial intervention or judicial review.