

Australian Government

Department of Home Affairs

IMA Legacy Caseload

Report on Processing Status and Outcomes

April 2019

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About this report

Coverage

This report provides information on the processing status and outcomes of the applicants who are Illegal Maritime Arrivals (IMAs) and are in the IMA Legacy Caseload.

IMAs can only apply for a Temporary Protection Visa (subclass 785) (TPV) or a Safe Haven Enterprise Visa (subclass 790) (SHEV) if the Minister has made a decision that it is in the public interest to lift a legislative bar on making a valid visa application in Australia. Where the Minister lifts the bar, the Department will advise the IMA that they are eligible to apply for a TPV or a SHEV.

Data sources and currency

The data sources for this report are based on a range of departmental systems. As data has been drawn from a dynamic system environment, the information is correct at the time of publication and figures may differ slightly from previous or future reporting. As an end of month report, the data date used is the closest to the end of the calendar month.

Data for April is at 2 May 2019. Data for March is at 2 April 2019.

Glossary of terms

Country of citizenship – the claimed country of citizenship at the time of lodging an application for a protection visa.

Illegal Maritime Arrival (IMA) – an IMA is a person who entered Australia by sea without authority and became an unlawful non-citizen upon entry. All babies born to IMA parents are also IMAs.

Processing status – relates to the processing stage of an application during the administrative decision-making process, from lodgement to when the application is finalised.

Residence determination – is a determination, which the Minister makes under section 197AB of the *Migration Act 1958* (Cth) that a person can reside at a specified place in the community instead of held detention (previously referred to as 'community placement'). Recipients subject to a residence determination are free to move about the community but are legally detained.

Further information

For further information about the processing arrangements that apply to the IMA Legacy Caseload please visit the Department's website at

Any comments or enquiries concerning this report should be sent to quoting the report name and month.

Table 1 shows the number of people in the IMA Legacy Caseload who:

- have submitted a valid application that is currently being processed; or
- had their application finalised – either granted or refused.

Table 1 IMAs across main processing stages

Processing stage	April 2019	March 2019
Applied and on hand or at review[1]	8,985	9,315
Applications finalised[2]	22,060	21,678
Total[3]	**31,045**	**30,993**

Graph 1 IMAs across main processing stages

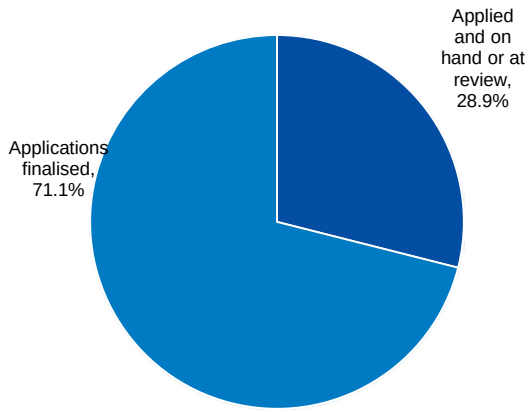


Table 2 State and territory of residence[4] – finalised grants[5]

State and territory of residence	April 2019	March 2019
New South Wales (NSW)	5,416	5,278
Victoria (Vic)	5,002	4,921
Queensland (Qld)	2,108	2,096
South Australia (SA)	1,531	1,522
Western Australia (WA)	962	969
Australian Capital Territory (ACT)	238	229
Northern Territory (NT)	63	60
Tasmania (Tas)	59	58
Total	**15,379**	**15,133**

Graph 2 State and territory of residence – finalised grants

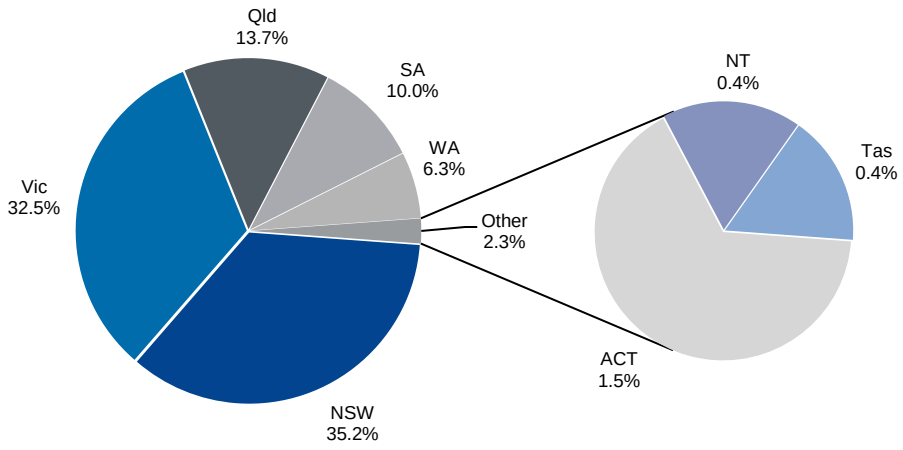


Table 3 Main citizenships[6] – finalised grants

Country of citizenship	April 2019	March 2019
Iran	4,438	4,336
Afghanistan	3,775	3,730
Sri Lanka	1,987	1,970
Stateless	1,838	1,801
Pakistan	1,105	1,090
Iraq	967	964
Sudan	335	327
Somalia	243	237
Other	691	678
Total	**15,379**	**15,133**

Graph 3 Main citizenships – finalised grants

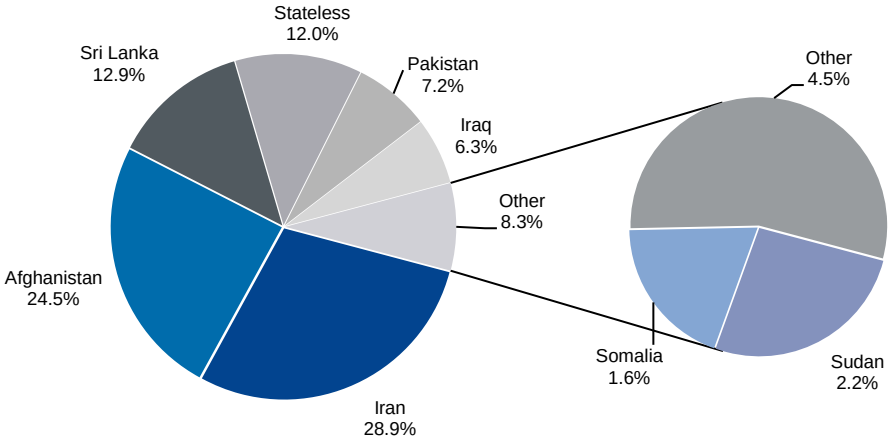


Table 4 State and territory of residence – on hand or at review applications

State and territory of residence	April 2019	March 2019
Victoria (Vic)	4,682	4,790
New South Wales (NSW)	3,359	3,553
South Australia (SA)	436	460
Queensland (Qld)	274	281
Western Australia (WA)	171	166
Australian Capital Territory (ACT)	36	36
Northern Territory (NT)	21	23
Tasmania (Tas)	6	6
Total	**8,985**	**9,315**

Graph 4 State and territory of residence – on hand or at review applications

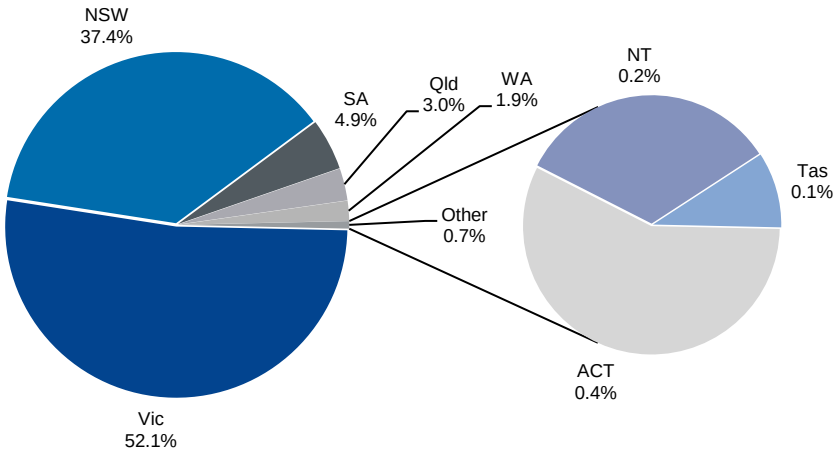


Table 5 Main citizenships – on hand or at review applications

Country of citizenship	April 2019	March 2019
Iran	3,283	3,409
Sri Lanka	1,481	1,529
Stateless	1,071	1,104
Afghanistan	872	916
Pakistan	813	837
Bangladesh	344	350
Vietnam	326	321
Iraq	293	304
Other	502	545
Total	**8,985**	**9,315**

Graph 5 Main citizenships – on hand or at review applications

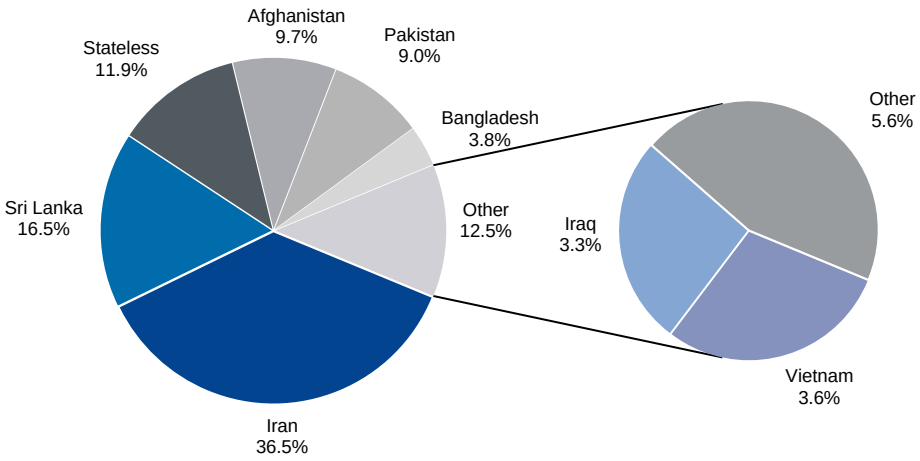


Table 6 Immigration status[7] – on hand or at review applications

Status	April 2019	March 2019
Held detention[8]	81	87
Residence determination	11	11
In community	8,893	9,217
Total	**8,985**	**9,315**

IMA Legacy Caseload – Processing status

Table 7 Applications[9] by processing status

Processing status			April 2019	March 2019
	TPV	SHEV	Total	Total
Applied and on hand				
On hand at Primary[10]	**907**	**6,915**	**7,822**	**8,109**
Review and other[11]	**401**	**762**	**1,163**	**1,206**
Total	**1,308**	**7,677**	**8,985**	**9,315**
Applications finalised				
Finalised grants[12]	**5,373**	**10,006**	**15,379**	**15,133**
Finalised refusals[13]	**2,691**	**3,990**	**6,681**	**6,545**
Total	**8,064**	**13,996**	**22,060**	**21,678**

Technical notes

1. ‘Applied and on hand or at review’ refers to valid protection visa applications which the Department has received and is currently processing and assessing. It includes applications being processed at a merits review tribunal.
2. ‘Applications finalised’ refers to applications on which the Department has made a decision – either a grant or refusal, including where the merits review has affirmed the Department’s decision. Figures exclude applications that have been finalised for others reasons (for example, where a person departed Australia or applications which are withdrawn).
3. This number represents people from the IMA Legacy Caseload who have submitted a valid application that is currently being processed or had their application finalised – either granted or refused. This is not equal to the total number of people who are considered to have ‘ever’ been in the IMA Legacy Caseload. For example, people who died or departed prior to their application being finalised are not counted in this total as their applications were not processed to finalisation.
4. State and territory of residence – refers to client’s latest reported address, not the address at time of lodgement or decision.
5. Table and Graph 2 and 3 show a list of people from the IMA Legacy Caseload who have been granted temporary protection in Australia.
6. Table and Graph 3 and 5 show a list of countries of citizenship which the persons in the caseload claimed upon arrival to Australia. This citizenship may not have been independently confirmed by the Department.
7. Figures exclude certain cohorts of IMAs that do not form part of the IMA Legacy Caseload (for example, medical transferees from a Regional Processing Centre).
8. 'Held detention' includes a small number of IMAs who are in correctional facilities.
9. ‘Applications' includes a small number of cases processed under the non-statutory Protection Obligations Determination (POD) or Refugee Status Assessment (RSA) processes that were in place prior to March 2012.
10. ‘On hand at Primary’ includes persons granted a TPV who have subsequently re-applied for a SHEV. It also includes applications where the applicant has been indicatively found not to be a refugee but the application is in the process of being quality checked prior to the completion of the primary decision.
11. 'Review and other' includes applications at a range of post-primary stages – the merits review (either with the Administrative Appeals Tribunal (AAT), Immigration Assessment Authority (IAA) or in the period during which review can be sought – "the review window"), remittals from review (merits or judicial) undergoing checks prior to finalisation, and applications not elsewhere classified.
12. ‘Finalised grants’ also includes IMAs granted a visa after a remittal to the Department following a merits or judicial review.
13. ‘Finalised refusals’ includes applications undergoing ministerial intervention or judicial review.